



((Comparative Adverbs.))

Section 1

Comparative Adverbs

1. الظروف المنتهية بـ (-ly)

- نضيف كلمة "more" قبل الطرف.
- أمثلة:

- quickly → more quickly (بسرعة أكبر)
- carefully → more carefully (بحرص أكبر)
- clearly → more clearly (بوضوح أكبر)

2. الظروف القصيرة (Short Adverbs):

- نضيف (-er) إلى نهاية الطرف.
- أمثلة:

- hard → harder (بجد أكبر)
- fast → faster (بسرعة أكبر)

3. الظروف الشاذة (Irregular Adverbs):

- لها صيغ مقارنة خاصة لا تتبع القواعد المعتادة.
- أمثلة:

- well → better (بشكل أفضل)
- badly → worse (بشكل أسوأ)

**ملخص / Summary:**

Type of Adverb	Rule (English)	Rule (Arabic)	Example (Comparative)
Adverbs ending in -ly	Add more before	قبل more -نضيف الظرف	more carefully
Short Adverbs	Add -er to the end	إلى نهاية -er -نضيف الظرف	faster
Irregular Adverbs	Special forms	لها صيغ خاصة	well → better

ملاحظة: هذه القواعد مشابهة جداً لقواعد الصفات المقارنة (Comparative Adjectives)، لكنها تستخدم لوصف الأفعال (كيف يتم فعل شيء) وليس الأسماء.

Note: These rules are very similar to those for comparative adjectives, but they are used to describe verbs (how an action is done) rather than nouns.



Section 2

Examples

1. Examples Adverbs ending in -ly

- She speaks **more quietly** than her sister.
- The new computer processes data **more efficiently**.
- Could you write **more neatly**, please?
- He explained the concept **more clearly** than the book.
- They finished the project **more quickly** than expected.

2. Examples - Short adverbs

- You need to work **harder** to achieve your goals.
- The athlete ran **faster** in the final race.
- Please come **earlier** tomorrow.
- She arrived **later** than usual.
- He shouted **louder** to get their attention.

3. Example - Irregular adverbs

- She sings **better** than anyone I know.
- He performed **worse** in the second exam.
- You should drive **farther/further** to find a gas station.
- I like this book **better** than the movie.

4. - Comparison examples in sentences

- My brother drives **more carefully** than I do.
- The new employee learns **faster** than the others.
- She speaks English **better than** her classmates.
- He behaved **worse** today than yesterday.
- The team played **more skillfully** in the second half.



5. - Additional examples

- The sun shines **more brightly** in summer.
- You should think **more deeply** about this decision.
- He reacted **more calmly** to the news than I expected.
- Children usually learn languages **more easily** than adults.
- The bird flew **higher than** the mountains.

6. - Examples in question form

- Can you walk **more slowly**?
- Who can run **faster**?
- Why did he perform **worse** this time?
- How can we work **more efficiently**?
- Which computer processes data **more quickly**?